

PLEASE NOTE: The Outfitters and Guides Licensing Board requests feedback on any section of this Rules draft and directs each reviewer's attention especially to the items highlighted in yellow. Thank you.

24.35.01 – RULES OF THE OUTFITTERS AND GUIDES LICENSING BOARD

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

These rules have been promulgated ~~in accordance with the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act and~~ pursuant to authority granted in the Outfitters and Guides Act. (11-17-21)

001. ~~TITLE AND SCOPE.~~

~~These rules are titled IDAPA 24.35.01, "Rules of the Outfitters and Guides Licensing Board." The purpose is to~~ rules implement, administer, and enforce the Act to establish uniform standards for licensing outfitted and guided activities to protect the public and protect, enhance, and facilitate management of Idaho's fish, wildlife, and recreational resources. (11-17-21)

002. DEFINITIONS.

The definitions set forth in Section 36-2102, Idaho Code, are applicable to these rules. In addition, the following terms have the meanings set forth below: (11-17-21)

01. **Act.** Title 36, Chapter 21, Idaho Code, commonly known as the Outfitters and Guides Act, as amended. (11-17-21)

02. **Authorized Person.** An investigator or ~~enforcement agent~~ inspector in the employ of the Board, a conservation officer of the IFGC, or any local, state, or federal law enforcement officer. (11-17-21)

03. **Booking Agent.** Any individual, firm, business, partnership, or corporation that makes arrangements for the use of the services of a licensed outfitter and receives compensation therefore. A booking agent does not supply personnel or facilities and services to outfitter clientele. (11-17-21)

04. **Classified River.** For the purpose of these rules, specific sections of some whitewater river or streams which are considered more hazardous than others have been designated "classified." Classified rivers are denoted by an asterisk (*) in the list of rivers contained in Subsection 059.01. (11-17-21)

05. **Compensation or Consideration.** The receipt, exchange or taking of goods, services, or cash in exchange for outfitted or guided activities. A bona fide charging of out-of-pocket travel expenses by members of a recreational party is not deemed compensation. However, such out-of-pocket expenses may not include depreciation, amortization, wages, or other recompense. (11-17-21)

06. **Designated Agent.** A licensed individual who is employed as an agent by any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other organization or combination thereof that is licensed as an outfitter and who, together with the licensed outfitter, is responsible and accountable for the conduct of the licensed outfitter's operations. (11-17-21)

~~07. **Enforcement Agent.** An individual employed by the Board having the power of peace officers to enforce the provisions of the Act and these Rules. (11-17-21)~~

07. **Facilities and Services.** The provision of personnel, lodging (tent, home, lodge, or hotel/motel), transportation (other than by commercial carrier), guiding, preparation and serving of food and equipment, or any other accommodation for the benefit of clientele in the conduct of outdoor recreational activities as designed in Section 36-2102(b), Idaho Code. (11-17-21)

~~089. **First Aid Training Card.** A valid card or other eEvidence demonstrating that the individual has successfully completed an applicable American Red Cross course or equivalent course that is acceptable to the Board approved First Aid course. (11-17-21)~~

08. **Fishing.** Fishing activities on those waters and for those species described in the rules of the

IFGC, IDAPA 13.01.11, "Rules Governing Fish," general fishing seasons and any anadromous fishing rules; for purposes of the Act, fishing is defined as follows: (11-17-21)

- a. Anadromous fishing means fishing for salmon or steelhead trout. (11-17-21)
- b. Float boat fishing means the use of float boats without motors for the conduct of fishing as a major activity on those waters open to commercial activities as set forth in Section 059. (11-17-21)
- ~~c. Fly fishing means a licensed activity restricted to the use of fly fishing equipment and procedures, as defined by IFGC rules. (11-17-21)~~
- ~~d. Incidental fishing means fishing conducted as a minor activity. (11-17-21)~~
- c. Power boat fishing means the use of power boats in conduct of fishing as a major activity on those Idaho waters open to commercial outfitting activities as set forth in Section 059. (11-17-21)
- d. Walk and wade fishing means fishing conducted along or in a river, stream, lake or reservoir, and may include the use of personalized flotation equipment, but does not include the use of watercraft. (11-17-21)
- 09. Float Boats.** Watercraft (inflatable watercraft, dories, drift boats, canoes, catarafts, kayaks, sport yaks, or other small watercraft) propelled by, and moving with the stream flow, maneuvered by oars, paddles, sweeps, pike poles or by motors for downstream steerage only. Downstream steerage does not include holding or upstream travel of a watercraft with a motor. Excluded as float boats are personal flotation devices, innertubes, air mattresses, or similar devices. (11-17-21)
- 10. Hazardous Excursions.** Outfitted or guided activities conducted outside municipal limits in a desert or mountainous environment that may constitute a potential danger to the health, safety, or welfare of participants involved. These activities include, but are not limited to: [trapping as defined in Idaho Code Section 36-202\(1\)](#), day or overnight trailrides, backpacking, technical mountaineering/rock climbing, cross-country skiing, backcountry alpine skiing, llama and goat packing, snowmobiling, survival courses, guiding courses, rescue courses, fishing courses, motored and non-motored cycling, wagon rides, sleigh rides, and dog sled rides. (11-17-21)
- 11. Hunting.** The pursuit of any game animal or bird and all related activities including packing of client camp equipment, supplies, game meat and clients to and from a hunting camp. (11-17-21)
- 12. IFGC.** The Idaho Department of Fish and Game or the Idaho Fish and Game Commission. (11-17-21)
- 13. Minor Amendment.** All outfitter license amendment requests that can be processed by the Board without requiring outside research or recommendation of a land managing agency or other agency before the Board takes final action on said amendment request. (11-17-21)
- 14. Major Activity.** A licensed activity, the nature of which requires a significant commitment of time and effort by an outfitter in its execution and is intended to provide a significant amount of income to an outfitter. (11-17-21)
- 15. Major Amendment.** All outfitter license amendment requests requiring Board research or recommendation of a land management agency or other agency before the Board takes final action on the amendment request. (11-17-21)
- ~~**18. Minor or Incidental Activity.** A licensed activity the nature of which is carried out in conjunction with a major activity, but is not the primary purpose of the excursion. (11-17-21)~~
- 16. New Opportunity.** A proposed commercial outfitted activity to be conducted in an area where no similar commercial outfitted activity has been conducted in the past. (11-17-21)

17. **Operating Area.** The area assigned by the Board to an outfitter for the conduct of outfitting activities. (11-17-21)

18. **Operating Plan.** A detailed schedule or plan of operation which an outfitter proposes to follow in the utilization of licensed privileges, areas, or activities. (See Subsection 018.03). (11-17-21)

19. **Out-of-Pocket ~~Costs~~ Expenses.** The direct ~~costs~~ expenses attributable to a recreational activity. Such direct ~~costs~~ expenses do not include: (11-17-2)

a. Compensation for either sponsors or participants; (11-17-21)

b. Amortization or depreciation of debt or equipment; or (11-17-21)

c. Costs of non-expendable supplies. (11-17-21)

20. **Power Boats.** All motorized watercraft used on Idaho waters open to commercial outfitting activities. Excluded as power boats are hovercraft, jetskis or similar devices, and float boats using motors for downstream steering. (11-17-21)

~~22. **Third Party Agreement.** The allowing of the conduct of an outfitted or guided activity by the outfitter licensed to conduct those activities by any persons not directly employed by said outfitter. (See Section 023). (11-17-21)~~

21. **Trainee.** A person not less than sixteen (16) years of age pursuing the necessary experience or skill qualifications for a guide license. A trainee may not provide any direct guiding services for clients, but may assist while under direct supervision. (11-17-21)

22. **Training Log.** A form approved by the Board and completed ~~in detail~~ and attested to by the outfitter documenting the training completed by a person pursuing ~~training or licensure as a guide pursuant to these rules.~~ The log is maintained ~~and made available for inspection by the Board or its agent~~ by the outfitter ~~during the time the guide is employed by the outfitter and~~ for one (1) complete license year following the termination of employment of the guide, and for three (3) years from the date of an accident or incident jeopardizing the health, safety or welfare of a client, in which the trainee or guide is involved. (11-17-21)

~~27. **Unethical/Unprofessional Conduct.** Any activity(ies) by a licensee which is inappropriate to the conduct of the outfitting or guiding profession. These activities include, but are not limited to: (11-17-21)~~
~~[INFORMATION FROM THIS SECTION WAS MOVED TO SECTION 010.]~~

~~a. Providing false, fraudulent or misleading information to the Board or another governmental entity regulating outfitting activities including the use or verification of allocated tags; (11-17-21)~~

~~b. Violation of an order of the Board; (11-17-21)~~

~~c. Failure to provide services as advertised or contracted; (11-17-21)~~

~~d. Harassment of the public in their use of Idaho's outdoor recreational opportunities; (11-17-21)~~

~~e. Violation of state or federal fish and game laws or rules or to condone or willfully allow a client's violation of those laws and rules; (11-17-21)~~

~~f. For a licensed boating outfitter or guide, violation of the Idaho Safe Boating Act (Title 67, Chapter 70, Idaho Code) and IDAPA 26.01.30 "Idaho Safe Boating Rules"; (11-17-21)~~

~~g. Engaging in unlicensed activities or conducting outfitter/guide services outside the operating area for which the licensee is licensed; (11-17-21)~~

- ~~h. Disregard for the conservation, maintenance or enhancement of fish, game, land and water resources; (11-17-21)~~
- ~~i. Killing a client's game or catching a client's fish. (11-17-21)~~
- ~~j. Failure to pay a supplier of goods or services to the outfitter business; (11-17-21)~~
- ~~k. Failure to pay state taxes; (11-17-21)~~
- ~~l. Operating in a manner which endangers the health, safety, or welfare of the public. (11-17-21)~~
- ~~m. Selling lifetime excursions, lifetime hunts, or selling of outfitted activities to an individual for the life of that individual and collecting fees accordingly. (11-17-21)~~
- ~~n. Operating under a name that is not associated with the license issued by the Board; or (11-17-21)~~
- ~~o. Interference with private landowners, public land management agencies, and/or stockmen and their rights and privileges. (11-17-21)~~

23. Watercraft. A boat or vessel propelled mechanically or manually, capable of operating on inland water surfaces. Excluded as watercraft are hovercraft, jetskis, personal flotation devices (PFD's), or similar devices. (11-17-21)

003. -- 004. (RESERVED)

005. LICENSE PRODUCTION.

A license or proof of licensure must be in possession of the licensee while engaged in outfitting or guiding and be produced upon the request of an authorized person. made available within seven (7) days of a board request. (11-17-21)

006. FIRST AID KIT.

A first aid kit must be present and available on every outfitted excursion. (11-17-21)

006. LICENSE RESTRICTIONS.

~~01. **Outfitters Qualification as a Guide.** All outfitters must be qualified to guide or employ a licensed guide(s) qualified for the activity(ies) for which the outfitter is licensed. The Board may issue a license to an Outfitter, at no cost, for all activities that for which the Outfitter satisfies the qualifications of these rules for the issuance of a Guide license. (11-17-21)~~

~~02. **Review.** An outfitter's qualifications to guide will be reviewed by the Board and, if approved, a guide license will be issued at no additional fee. (11-17-21)~~

~~03. **Qualifications.** The qualification(s) of an outfitter or guide licensee are determined in accordance with the Act and these rules. (11-17-21)~~

~~04. **Limitation.** A limitation in number of clientele served, operating area, or any other criteria affecting the safety, health, and welfare, of the public or viability of the fish, and wildlife, or other natural resources will be imposed in licensing where such limitation is deemed necessary by the Board in accordance with the Act and these rules. (11-17-21)~~

02. Temporary Employment. An outfitter may employ a licensed guide who is not currently licensed under the outfitter's license in the case of temporary employment, or short term "loan" or transfer (less than fifteen (15) days duration and not on a routine basis) of a guide between outfitters, or termination of employment of a guide upon completion of the seasonal activity for which the guide was employed. The employing outfitter or authorized agent must keep written documentation of the loan or transfer and dates and times. Repeated transfers or loans of guides require a license amendment. (11-17-21)

007. EMPLOYMENT OF OUTFITTERS.

An outfitter may guide for another outfitter or rent or lease equipment or services as follows: (11-17-21)

01. Other Outfitter. An outfitter may guide for another outfitter when properly employed by that outfitter and approved by the Board. (11-17-21)

02. Other. If an outfitter is employed to guide activities not covered by his own guide license, the outfitter must apply to the Board for a license amendment for activities not covered and submit the employing outfitter certification prescribed in Subsection 034.02. (11-17-21)

03. No Sharing of Profits. While an outfitter is employed as a guide by another outfitter, the outfitters may not share profits or equipment and/or animals other than leased equipment and/or leased animals. An outfitter when employed as a guide may only render personal services as would any other guide. (11-17-21)

04. Agreement. When an outfitter utilizes equipment from another outfitter or a guide in the provision of facilities, services and transportation to clientele, a written notice of usage must be filed with the Board including a current certificate or proof of non-owner liability insurance. (11-17-21)

008-009. (RESERVED)

010. COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS, UNETHICAL AND UNPROFESIONAL CONDUCT

The board may refuse to issue or renew or otherwise discipline a license holder for any of the following:

- 01. Harassment of the public in their use of Idaho’s outdoor recreational opportunities.
- 02. Operating in a manner which endangers the health, safety, or welfare of the public or that creates an unreasonable risk of contamination from biological waste.
- 03. Interference with private landowners, public land management agencies, and/or stockmen and their rights and privileges.
- 04. Failure to report violations of -local, state, and federal laws to the Board.
- 05. Aiding and abetting violation of these laws and rules applicable to licensure, or any local, state, game or federal laws as they relate to these laws.

~~All licensees must comply with all local, state, and federal laws, and they must report all violations to a law enforcement officer. In instances where violations of local, state, or federal laws have occurred, such violations will be handled in accordance with the following discretionary criteria: (11-17-21)~~

~~**01. Violations.** An applicant who has never held an outfitter or a guide license and who has been convicted of a violation of local, state, or federal law may be required to appear before the Board. Each such conviction will be appraised and a decision to approve or deny the application will be based upon the nature and the circumstances of the violation. (11-17-21)~~

~~**02. Examination by Board.** When a license holder is convicted of a violation of local, state, or federal law, the Board will examine the nature of the violation and the circumstances in determining whether or not a hearing will be held for the purpose of restricting, suspending or revoking the outfitter or guide license or imposing an administrative fine for any violation. Any such violator may be required to appear before the Board before a license will be issued for the following year. (11-17-21)~~

~~**011. (RESERVED)**~~

~~**012. OUTFITTER RESPONSIBILITIES. [THIS CONCEPT WAS MOVED TO NEW SECTION 019]**~~

~~An outfitter is responsible for: (11-17-21)~~

~~**01. Camps.** Maintaining safe and sanitary camps at all times. (11-17-21)~~

~~02. **General.** Providing clean, fresh drinking water, protecting all food from contamination, and disposing of all garbage, debris, and human waste in the manner prescribed by regulations concerning use of private and public lands. (11-17-21)~~

~~03. **Livestock Facilities.** Ensuring that livestock facilities are kept separate from camp facilities, and that streams are protected from contamination. (11-17-21)~~

~~04. **Emergency Provisions.** Ensuring that all cross country and backcountry alpine skiing and technical mountaineering/rock climbing tours have the necessary emergency provisions with them. (11-17-21)~~

~~05. **Actions.** The actions of all guides, and other persons, while in the scope of their employment. (11-17-21)~~

011. -- 014. (RESERVED)

015. ANNUAL DATE, FEES, AND PAYMENT.

01. Due Date. All outfitter and designated agent license applications must be completed and received by the Board by January 31 of each year. (11-17-21)

02. Penalty Fee. When a completed renewal application is filed with the Board after the last day of the license year, a penalty fee must be paid before the license is issued. (11-17-21)

03. License Lapsed and Expired. All licenses expire on March 31, and when a completed outfitter application has not been received by the Board after ninety (90) days after the last day of the license year, a renewal application will not be accepted for licensure. (11-17-21)

04. Payment. (11-17-21)

a. Prior to the issuance of a license, an applicant must submit the appropriate fee. (11-17-21)

b. The applicant must pay an annual license fee for each license issued, except for an outfitter licensed as a guide for the outfitter's operation. (11-17-21)

016. -- 017. (RESERVED)

018. NEW OUTFITTER OR OUTFITTER LICENSE AMENDMENT APPLICATION.

A complete application for a new outfitter license, outfitter license major amendment, or new landowner statement in existing areas must, in addition to all other requirements include: (11-17-21)

01. Name. The name(s) registered with the Idaho Secretary of State as an assumed business name, the name of the business entity, or both. (11-17-21)

02. Other Signatures. Signed landowner or land manager statement from: (11-17-21)

a. The affected state and federal land managers in all areas where an outfitter plans to utilize lands administered by the state or federal government (this may involve memorandum of understanding procedures as applicable to proposed operation on national forest or public domain lands); and, (11-17-21)

b. Private land owners, or their agents, where an outfitter applicant proposes to use such private lands in his operation. (11-17-21)

03. Examinations All new applicants applying for an outfitter or designated agent license must successfully pass a written and/or oral examination on the Act, the rules, and general outfitting procedures. An applicant who fails the test may retake it after a five (5) day waiting period.

04. Operating Plan. An operating plan required by the germane land management agency or on a Board approved form.~~that includes, among other things, the following:~~ (11-17-21)

~~a. A list of the activities to be conducted in the operating area(s) requested. (11-17-21)~~

~~b. A detailed map showing the operating area(s) requested for each activity and a worded description of the boundaries of said operating area(s), described in terms of rivers, creeks, and ridges with prominent reference coordinates (section, township, and range). (11-17-21)~~

~~c. An outfitter whose operation is solely on rivers, streams, lakes or reservoirs should specify put-in and take-out points but need not send maps. (11-17-21)~~

~~d. A detailed description of how and when each operating area(s) will be used for each activity. (11-17-21)~~

~~e. The proposed number of guests intended to be accommodated for each activity within the proposed operating area(s). (11-17-21)~~

~~f. A list of the names and locations of camps that will be used for each activity, and whether on public or private land. (11-17-21)~~

~~g. A list of the basic equipment, facilities, and livestock, and proof of financial capability necessary to conduct the proposed outfitted activity or business. (11-17-21)~~

~~h. The number, title (guide, lead guide, etc.), and principal activities of individuals to be employed in the business operation. (11-17-21)~~

~~i. A plan to assure the safety and provide for emergency medical care of guests. (11-17-21)~~

~~**05. Public Need and Existing Use.** Statement of the public need for the proposed service(s) in the area requested and the use by the general public and commercial use already licensed in the area. In order to safeguard the health, safety, and welfare of the public and for the conservation of wildlife resources, the Board may place a limit on the number of outfitter licenses issued within an operating area. (11-17-21)~~

05. Insurance. Current certificate or proof of insurance ~~for the following~~covering licensed activities.:(11-17-21)

~~a. Insurance coverage against loss resulting from liability imposed by law for bodily injury or death or damage to property suffered by any person, excluding employees, caused by the outfitter's operation, in the minimum amount of one hundred thousand (\$100,000) per accident, with the aggregate of three hundred thousand (\$300,000), because of bodily injury or death occurring in an accident. (11-17-21)~~

~~b. Insurance coverage on vehicles carrying passengers against loss resulting from liability for bodily injury or death or property damage suffered by any person caused by the outfitter's operation, in the amount of three hundred thousand (\$300,000) for vehicles carrying one (1) to fifteen (15) passengers, and in the minimum amount of five hundred thousand (\$500,000) for vehicles carrying sixteen (16) or more passengers. (11-17-21)~~

06. Designated Agent. When the applicant is a corporation, firm, partnership, or other organization or combination thereof, the designation at least one (1) designated agent who is a qualified outfitter, covered by the outfitter's bond, and who will be responsible for the outfitting business. The designated agent must apply for and be granted a license. (11-17-21)

07. Hearing. If more than one (1) applicant submits a complete application with landowner statement(s), a hearing will be held to decide the successful applicant. (11-17-21)

08. Existing Operating Area. A licensed outfitter may be given priority for any opportunities within

the outfitter's existing operating area boundaries.

09. **Operating Area Limitations.** To safeguard the health, safety, and welfare of the public and for the conservation of wildlife resources, the Board may place a limit on the number of outfitter licenses issued within an operating area.

019. OUTFITTER OR DESIGNATED AGENT RESPONSIBILITIES. [MOVED FROM FORMER SECTION 012]

An outfitter or designated agent is responsible for maintaining the standards set forth in the Operating Plan.

~~**020. EXAMINATION.**~~

~~All new applicants applying for an outfitter or designated agent license must successfully pass a written and/or oral examination on the Act, the rules, and general outfitting procedures. An applicant who fails the test may retake it after a five (5) day waiting period. (11-17-21)~~

020-022. (RESERVED)

~~**022. ISSUANCE OF AN OUTFITTER LICENSE.**~~

~~In order to safeguard the health, safety, and welfare of the public and for the conservation of wildlife resources, the Board may place a limit on the number of outfitter licenses issued within an operating area. (11-17-21)~~

023. THIRD-PARTY AGREEMENTS.

A third-party agreement, which is the allowing of the conduct of an outfitted or guided activity by the outfitter licensed to conduct those activities by any persons not directly employed by said outfitter, is prohibited. An outfitter may not sublet or enter into any third party agreements involving the use of his activity(ies), operating area(s), or license. (11-17-21)

~~**01. Employed.** No outfitter may allow any person to conduct any of the activities for which he is licensed unless said person is employed directly by the outfitter as a guide. (11-17-21)~~

~~**02. Other Activities.** Any arrangement wherein an outfitter licensed to conduct outfitted activity(ies) in an operating area(s) knowingly allows, condones, or otherwise abets and supports the conduct of outfitting activity(ies) by another, wherein said outfitter does not assume full and complete responsibility for all clients booked for such activity(ies), constitutes an unlawful third party agreement. Complete responsibility includes providing liability insurance to cover the client, collection of fees paid for the activity(ies), payment of user fees and taxes, and making the client aware as to who is the responsible outfitter(s). Such unlawful activity(ies) is grounds for discipline as unethical and unprofessional conduct in addition to any other penalties which may be assessed for violations of these rules or the laws of the state of Idaho. (11-17-21)~~

~~**03. Booking Agent.** This Rule does not apply to the conduct of a booking agent or an agreement between two (2) or more outfitters in which the outfitters provide services to the same party or parties within their respective operating areas. (11-17-21)~~

024. STANDARDS FOR NON-USE.

~~In order to carry out the intent of the Act to promote and encourage participation in the enjoyment and use of the state's natural resources and fish and game and ensure an outfitter adequately serves the public, the Board will monitor, prioritize, and fairly administer identified remedies based on, among other factors, interest or demand for the particular activity or area and as set forth in this rule. (11-17-21)~~

~~**01. Requirement.** The Board may annually review the outfitter's use reports for the preceding three (3) years to determine whether any licensed activity or operating area fall within non-use. If the outfitter falls within non-use, a "notice of non-use" may be issued to the outfitter. (11-17-21)~~

01. Definitions. (11-17-21)

a. Non-use. When an outfitter is making zero (0) or negligible use of major licensed activities for any

two (2) of the three (3) preceding years unless the lack of use is due to an act of nature or because of state or federal agency restrictions on hunting or fishing that limit the ability of the outfitter to seek and accommodate clients; (11-17-21)

b. Zero (0) use. No recorded use by an outfitter of their licensed area or activities; (11-17-21)

c. Negligible use. An unreasonable lack of use as determined by the Board for any one (1) or more of the particular activities in the assigned operating area. Typically, use may be determined by comparison of use levels for the same activity(s) in similar operating areas. Other factors in determining use are found in Subsection 024.04. (11-17-21)

~~03. Process. (11-17-21)~~

~~a. The notice of non-use will include the activity(s) and operating area(s) that appear to be in non-use and an explanation of how the determination was made. The outfitter will be given the opportunity to correct the use records by supplying staff with evidence of use, prior to a hearing being scheduled. If adequate proof of use is not provided, the matter will be scheduled for a hearing. The Board may review the evidence of adequacy of use. (11-17-21)~~

~~b. When the Board determines that any activity or operating area has had zero (0) use or negligible use, certain requirements may be imposed by the Board up to and including revocation of some or all of the outfitter's operating areas and activities. (11-17-21)~~

~~04. Examples of Acceptable Use: (11-17-21)~~

~~a. Paying clients participating in activities occurring within a designated operating area; (11-17-21)~~

~~b. Donated trips; (11-17-21)~~

~~c. Outfitter initiated applications for controlled hunts in their licensed operating area; (11-17-21)~~

~~d. Outfitter initiated applications for trophy species; and (11-17-21)~~

~~e. Use in conformance with a current and accepted operating plan. (11-17-21)~~

02. Required Records. Outfitters may be required to submit client records that include the name, address, and date of activity of individual clients or groups for a period of three (3) consecutive years. (11-17-21)

~~06. Non-Use During a Sale. Board staff reviews all full or partial business sales for non-use. If it is determined a major activity or operating area has had zero (0) or negligible use, the Board may review any the sale for non use and deny the issuance of a license, may be denied. In some instances the Board may approve the sale with notification to the buyer that use must be established within the following two (2) out of the next three (3) years or the area or activity may be removed from their license. (11-17-21)~~

~~07. Waiver of Compliance. The Board may waive compliance with the non-use standard upon a showing of good cause, including an act of nature, state or federal agency seasonal restrictions on hunting or fishing or personal circumstances such as illness or injury that limit the ability of the outfitter to seek and accommodate clients. An outfitter must apply for a waiver prior to the beginning of the license year or immediately upon the event constituting good cause. If a federal permit holder is requesting zero (0) or negligible use, the request for a waiver must be accompanied by a Land Manager's Statement. (11-17-21)~~

025. OUTFITTER RENEWAL.

All licenses expire on March 31 and every application for license renewal for an outfitter and designated agent must be complete and submitted by January 31 of the license year and include a use report containing an activity, use, and harvest report on the actual use during the preceding year and other information about outfitting or guiding activities. (11-17-21)

026. OPERATING AREA ADJUSTMENTS. [FORMER SECTION 051 INCORPORATED HERE]

An outfitter's operating area may be adjusted for reasons of wildlife conservation ~~harvest~~, where territorial conflict exists, or for the safety of persons utilizing the services of outfitters. Special circumstances may also warrant short term modification of an outfitters operating area. (11-17-21)

~~01. **Hearing.** If the Board determines that a hearing is necessary prior to the adjustment of a licensee's operating area, such hearing will be conducted in accordance with the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code, and all affected parties will be afforded an opportunity to participate. (11-17-21)~~

01. Environmental Considerations. Any changes in wildlife harvest, changed environmental conditions and/or new government regulation may result in the adjustment of an outfitter's operating area. ~~In determining whether to adjust an operating area for reasons of wildlife harvest, the Board or the hearing officer considers, among other things, the following:~~ (11-17-21)

~~a. Any changes in wildlife harvest, including any increase or decrease in wildlife harvest attributable to the licensee's activity(ies). (11-17-21)~~

~~b. Any new limitation(s) imposed or recommendation(s) made regarding wildlife harvest in the operating area(s) by any governmental agency since the issuance of the license. (11-17-21)~~

~~c. Any environmental change(s) that have occurred in the operating area(s) that affect wildlife management. (11-17-21)~~

~~d. Any undesirable wildlife impact(s) that may be ameliorated by a territorial adjustment. (11-17-21)~~

~~e. Any new information discovered since the issuance of the license regarding wildlife management in the operating area(s). (11-17-21)~~

02. Conflict Considerations. An incident(s) of territorial conflict, particularly one that leads to public safety concerns, may result in the adjustment of an outfitter's operating area. ~~In determining whether to adjust an operating area for reasons of territorial conflict, the Board or the hearing officer considers, among other things, the following:~~ (11-17-21)

~~a. Any incident(s) of territorial conflict and how they might be ameliorated by a territorial adjustment. (11-17-21)~~

~~b. The extent of each licensee's legal use of the disputed area. (11-17-21)~~

~~c. Any public or client safety concerns that might be ameliorated by or might arise from the inclusion of the disputed area as part of a particular licensee's operation. (11-17-21)~~

~~d. Any environmental or operational factors that indicate which licensee will be able to make the best use of the disputed area in providing services to the public considering, among other things, each licensee's licensed activity(ies) and the relationship of that activity(ies) to the activity(ies) conducted in the disputed area, each licensee's total operating area, the financial stability of each licensee, and the accessibility of the disputed area from adjacent operating area(s). (11-17-21)~~

~~e. Any recommendation(s) submitted by any governmental agency that regulates or manages land or wildlife within the disputed area. (11-17-21)~~

03. Safety Adjustment Considerations. Any change(s) in the environmental condition(s), in the manner or amount of public use of the operating area and/or in a licensee's manner of operation within the operating area, that pose a threat to the health and safety of persons using the operating area may result in a change in the outfitters operating area. ~~In determining whether to adjust an operating area for reasons of safety of persons using the services of an outfitter, the Board or hearing officer considers, among other things, the following:~~

(11-17-21)

~~a. Any change(s) in the environmental condition(s) in the area that may pose a threat to the health and safety of persons using the operating area. (11-17-21)~~

~~b. Any change(s) in the manner or amount of public use of the operating area since the issuance of the license that may pose a threat to the health and safety of persons using the operating area. (11-17-21)~~

~~c. Any change(s) in a licensee's manner of operation within the operating area that may affect clientele safety considering, among other things, change(s) in the condition(s) of the licensee's capability or equipment. (11-17-21)~~

~~d. Any safety related incident(s) that have occurred in the operating area. (11-17-21)~~

~~e. Any safety concern(s) expressed by any governmental agency that regulates or manages land or wildlife within the operating area. (11-17-21)~~

~~f. Any new information discovered since the issuance of the license regarding safety. (11-17-21)~~

04. Hot Pursuit. The Board may approve a minor amendment of an outfitters license to allow an outfitter licensed for bear and cougar hunting to enter into an adjacent area with a client for hot pursuit of bear and cougar hunting when hunting with hounds, provided that the pursuit starts inside the outfitter's licensed area.

05. Controlled Hunts Outside Operating Area. The Board may authorize an outfitter who is licensed for hunting moose, bighorn sheep, or mountain goat to conduct a one-time hunt outside of the outfitter's licensed area when the outfitter submits a request on a board approved form.

a. For changes of operation under subsections 04. and 05. of this Rule, written permission from all outfitters licensed for the hunt and all applicable landowners or land managers will be provided to the Board.

b. For changes under subsection 04. and 05. of this Rule, under special circumstances the board may waive the requirement of approval of from the overlapping outfitter(s).

c. For changes under subsection 05. of this Rule, no compensation is permitted between outfitters participating in the conduct of a controlled hunt in another outfitter's area, unless the outfitter supplies a service for that compensation.

027. OUTFITTER LICENSE PRIORITY.

Priority for licensure in any outfitter's operating area may be maintained by submitting a complete application for a license for the ensuing license period before the expiration date of the current license. (11-17-21)

028. OUTFITTER BUSINESS PURCHASE, LICENSE CONSIDERATIONS.

01. Sale of Outfitting Business. The sale of an outfitting business requires an application for a new outfitter license by the purchaser, provided that the Board may give priority for licensure to an applicant who has negotiated an agreement related to a sale with a licensee if the applicant meets all other requirements or upon documentation from a court. (11-17-21)

02. Notification to Clients. When an existing operation is acquired by another outfitter, all clients who have booked with the original outfitter must be promptly notified and refunded any advanced payment, unless the client is satisfied with the new arrangements. (11-17-21)

~~**029. OUTFITTER BOND OR INSURANCE CANCELLATION.**~~

~~An outfitter or designated agent must immediately notify the Board when their bond or insurance is canceled. The cancellation of an outfitter license bond or insurance by the insurer is grounds for emergency suspension of the outfitter's license under Section 67-5247, Idaho Code. (11-17-21)~~

029. AVAILABILITY OF OUTFITTING OPPORTUNITIES.

Except as provided in other sections of this chapter, when a new opportunity or existing opportunity, which had

previously been licensed to another outfitter, becomes available, the Board may use a competitive application process through a waiting list, public notice, or both to select a qualified applicant. A competitive application process may be coordinated with another governmental agency that has management or permitting authority over the opportunity. (11-17-21)

01. Waiting List. The waiting list will be maintained for each individual river, lake and reservoir outlined in Section 059 and for each specific IFGC unit listed in IDAPA 13.01.08, "Rules Governing the Taking of Big Game Animals in the State of Idaho." (11-17-21)

02. Placement on Waiting List. A written request, in a form specified by the Board, must be submitted to be placed on the waiting list, and a name on the waiting list will be maintained for a period of five (5) years or until December 31 of the fifth year that the name is placed on the list, whichever comes first. (11-17-21)

03. Notification. When public notice is used when an opening occurs, a public announcement will be made [via the board's website](#) and may be made in conjunction with notice by another governmental agency. Persons on the waiting list will be notified of the available opportunity in any competitive application process. (11-17-21)

04. Application Period and Consideration. Anyone wishing to apply for the opportunity must submit a complete application or amendment, including all applicable fees, by the date specified in the notice. The Board will consider the qualifications of all applicants and in its discretion select the best qualified applicant.(11-17-21)

030. -- 033. (RESERVED)

034. GUIDE APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS - GENERAL.

To be complete, an application for a guide license must: (11-17-21)

01. First Aid ~~Training Card~~. Be accompanied by an affidavit signed by the employing outfitter that the applicant ~~will have maintains a current, valid an applicable American Red Cross first aid certification card or equivalent certification that is acceptable to the Board.~~ ~~before they are employed as a guide.~~ (11-17-21)

02. Signatures. Be attested to by the applicant and certified by the licensed outfitter(s) who wishes to employ the applicant as a guide that the applicant: (11-17-21)

a. Is qualified to perform the type of guiding activity(ies) for which the applicant seeks licensure. (11-17-21)

b. Has ~~extensive, first hand~~ [working](#) knowledge of the operating area(s) and water(s) in or on which the applicant will be guiding. (11-17-21)

c. If the applicant is land based, is able to read and understand a map and compass or operate a global positioning system (GPS) or other computerized map system. (11-17-21)

d. If the applicant is water based, is proficient in reading the water and handling the type of boat required to be used. (11-17-21)

e. Provide directly from the outfitter a training log or documentation demonstrating satisfaction of the training requirements pursuant to Sections 035 through [043](#) and [046 through](#) 048 of these rules, as applicable for the activities sought to be licensed to guide. (11-17-21)

03. Amendment. A guide may apply for an amendment to add additional employing outfitters or additional activities by submitting complete application that includes certification from the outfitter that training requirements for the area and activity to be added have been met and proof of such training will be available at the Board's request. (11-17-21)

035. GUIDE APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS - HUNTING.

~~A guide applicant for big game hunting may be licensed either as an apprentice guide or as a guide.~~ (11-17-21)

~~01. **Apprentice Guide.** A new applicant may be licensed as an apprentice guide to pursue training necessary for licensure as a guide by submitting a completed application form and fee. (11-17-21)~~

~~02. **Apprentice Guide.** An apprentice guide may assist a hunting guide in the scope of training, but may not be primarily responsible for guiding a hunt. (11-17-21)~~

~~03. **Guide.** In addition to Section 034, a new hunting guide applicant must have: the following minimum training. (11-17-21)~~

01. Been in the outfitter's operating area(s) for at least ten (10) days and is knowledgeable of trails, terrain, drainages, and game habits and habitat. (11-17-21)

02. Be able to care for meat and trophies, including the ability to correctly cape an animal and with adequate training to be able to instruct and assist clients in the proper care of meat. (11-17-21)

~~04. **Upgraded.** A licensed apprentice guide may apply by amendment to upgrade a guide license when the required training is completed as certified by the employing outfitter, and a copy of the completed training form is submitted to the Board. (11-17-21)~~

036. (RESERVED)

037. BOATMAN LICENSE TRAINEES.

A trainee boatman may not obtain a guide license until training is complete and may not operate a boat except as prescribed in Section 040. ~~and provided that the boat trainee must be in a boat operated by a licensed boatman, or one in which the operation is closely monitored by a licensed boatman. The licensed boatman need not be in the same boat during training as long as the trainee's activity is closely monitored.~~ (11-17-21)

038. FLOAT BOAT GUIDE -- UNCLASSIFIED RIVERS.

An applicant for a float boat guide on unclassified rivers and streams must have one (1) complete commercial float boat trip on each of the rivers applied for, (complete trip means the total section of river designated by the Board in Subsection 059.01), under the supervision of a float boat guide licensed for each of those rivers. The licensed boatman need not be in the same boat during training as long as the trainee's activity is closely monitored by the licensed boatman. (11-17-21)

039. FLOAT BOAT GUIDE -- CLASSIFIED RIVERS.

A float boat guide on a classified river must be licensed as a float boatman or a float lead boatman according to his experience on that specific river. Each trip on a classified river must have a ~~lead boat operated by a~~ guide licensed as a lead boatman for that specific river. ~~and all other boats participating in that trip must follow the lead boat and must be operated by a guide licensed as a boatman or a lead boatman for that specific river. (Note exception for trainees in Section 040):~~ (11-17-21)

040. FLOAT BOATMAN QUALIFICATIONS -- CLASSIFIED RIVERS.

An applicant for a float boatman license on classified rivers may qualify in one (1) of three (3) ways: (11-17-21)

01. **General.** Three (3) complete float boat trips on each of the classified rivers applied for under the ~~direct~~ supervision of a float boatman licensed for that river (complete trip means the total section of river designated by the Board in Subsection 059.01), or he must have had one (1) or more complete float boat trips on each of the classified rivers applied for under the ~~direct~~ supervision of a float boatman licensed for that river with the remaining trip(s) in a boat ~~with no more than one (1) other trainee~~, following a licensed float boatman for that river, but he must not have passengers in the boat. (11-17-21)

a. Allowances may be made for experience gained as a commercial boat operator on selected whitewater rivers with characteristics similar to Idaho's classified rivers; e.g. Colorado River (Grand Canyon or Cataract Canyon), Yampa River, Rogue River, American and Toulumne Rivers, other Idaho classified rivers, or the unclassified section of the Salmon River from North Fork to Corn Creek, provided the applicant has logged at least

five hundred (500) miles as a commercial float boat operator on one (1) or more of those rivers. (11-17-21)

b. To document this experience, a statement signed by the applicant under oath or affirmation and notarized must be recorded on a form provided by the Board office that includes precise put-in and take-out points, miles logged for each trip, and the names and addresses of the boat operators who have employed them. (11-17-21)

02. Other. Logged at least five hundred (500) miles as a commercial float boat guide on any rivers applicable to Subsection 040.01.a., and must have one (1) complete float boat trip on each river applied for under the ~~direct~~ supervision of a float boatman licensed for that river, ~~or in a boat with no more than one (1) other trainee, following a float boatman licensed for that river,~~ but there must not be any passengers in the boat. (Complete trip means the total section of river designated by the Board in Subsection 059.01). (11-17-21)

03. Float Lead Boatman. Or, hold a license as a float lead boatman on a classified Idaho river and complete one (1) complete float boat trip on each other classified river applied for, under the ~~direct~~ supervision of a float boatman licensed for that river, ~~or in a boat with no more than one (1) other trainee,~~ following a float boatman licensed for that river, but he must not have passengers in the boat. (Complete trip means the total section of river designated by the Board in Subsection 059.01.) (11-17-21)

041. FLOAT LEAD BOATMAN QUALIFICATIONS.

An applicant for a float lead boatman license must have six (6) complete float boat trips except that upon Board approval, a licensee may train on and be licensed for a specific reach of a section only. (Complete trip means the total section or reach of a section of river designated by the Board in Subsection 059.01). ~~One (1) trip must have been within the sixty (60) months preceding the date of the application on each of the classified rivers applied for.~~ (11-17-21)

042. POWER BOAT GUIDE.

To qualify for a power boat guide license on the following waters, an applicant must have spent the following power boating hours that are distributed as evenly as possible along the total length or section of river or area of the lake or reservoir and under the ~~direct~~ supervision of a power boat guide licensed for the body of water for which qualification is sought: (11-17-21)

01. Classified Rivers. Fifty (50) hours on the total length of the river or section of river designated on the application by the Board for which he wishes to operate, ~~except that an applicant may have spent twenty five (25) hours on each section for the Salmon River from the mouth of the Middle Fork to Salmon Falls, Salmon Falls to Ludwig Rapids, and Ludwig Rapids to Vinegar Creek or Spring Bar.~~ (11-17-21)

02. Unclassified Rivers and Streams. At least ten (10) hours on the total length of the river or section of river designated by the Board on the application for which he wishes to operate. (11-17-21)

03. Lakes and Reservoirs. Ten (10) hours on the lake or reservoir on which he wishes to operate. (11-17-21)

04. Log. The outfitter must maintain a log of this experience recorded on a form provided by the Board, showing the dates, river, lake or reservoir, location of put-in, destination, take-out, hours logged, and signature of outfitter. (11-17-21)

043. POWER BOAT FISHING GUIDE -- (LAKES AND RESERVOIRS). [MOVED HERE FROM FORMER SECTION 048]

All applicants for a power boat fishing guide license must possess the ability and knowledge to: (11-17-21)

01. Maneuver or Pilot. Maneuver or pilot a power boat upon Idaho lakes and reservoirs open to power boat fishing. (11-17-21)

02. Operation. Have operated a power boat for a minimum of ten (10) hours upon the lakes and reservoirs being requested. (11-17-21)

03. Law. Comply with the Idaho Safe Boating Act (Title 67, Chapter 70, Idaho Code). (11-17-21)

044. BOAT EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS. [MOVED HERE FROM FORMER SECTION 054]

Each float or power boat must be identified as follows: (11-17-21)

01. Identification. Identification recorded with the Board on the outfitter application consisting of words, names, or letters not less than three (3) inches in height, and be of a contrasting color indicating the current licensed outfitter and that is placed above the water line on each side of the bow or stern of the boat utilized by that outfitter in letters. (Does not apply to single person boats or two (2) person inflatable boats). (11-17-21)

02. Clearwater. On Sections CL2 and CL3 of the Clearwater River, a sticker affixed to the surface of any boat used for anadromous fishing that is not less than eight (8) inches in height and placed immediately adjacent to the identification words, names or letters on each side of the boat towards the bow, identifying the boat as operated by a licensed outfitter. Stickers will be provided and sold annually by the Board or a vendor designated by the Board.

045. SKIING, NON-HAZARDOUS AND HAZARDOUS TERRAIN OUTFITTER, DESIGNATED AGENT, SKI GUIDE AND SKI GUIDE TRAINEE.

~~01. Applications. (11-17-21)~~

~~a. An outfitter, designated agent or guide must submit an outfitter or a guide application with current outfitter operating plan, if required, ski resume, and avalanche training certificates. (11-17-21)~~

~~b. The Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) will evaluate and advise the Board on the scope and appropriate designations for licensure of any application for outfitting or guiding principally in non-hazardous and hazardous terrain skiing. The TAC is a five (5) member body of qualified backcountry ski outfitters and ski guides appointed by the Executive Director and confirmed by the Board. (11-17-21)~~

01. Designations and Qualifications for Outfitters, Designated Agents, Guides and Trainees. The designations and qualifications are as follows: (11-17-21)

a. Level I ski guide (non-hazardous terrain, principally sub-alpine or skiing operations in forests). Is qualified to lead ski tours in the outfitter's operating area. One (1) year training as a ski guide assistant in a non-hazardous backcountry setting. Level I Ski Guides may work in hazardous terrain as a Level II Ski Guide Trainee under the supervision of a Level II Ski Guide. Level I Ski Guides are required to have: (11-17-21)

i. Level I field-based avalanche training consisting of a twenty-four (24) hour curriculum submitted and an instructor roster; (11-17-21)

ii. Knowledge of Outfitters Scope of Operation including logistics, services, terrain; and (11-17-21)

b. Level II ski guide (hazardous terrain with a high degree of avalanche exposure). Has in-depth ski guiding experience on hazardous terrain and has the following qualifications: (11-17-21)

i. Two (2) winter seasons training with licensed Level II Ski Outfitter or Guide or equivalent work experience with another Level II ski operation which conduct services principally in hazardous or avalanche terrain; (11-17-21)

ii. **Advanced First Aid, WFR, or EMT of a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours;** (11-17-21)

iii. Level 1 and Level II field-based avalanche training consisting of at least forty-eight (48) hours curriculum with a submitted instructor roster; (11-17-21)

iv. Knowledge of the Outfitters Scope of Operation including logistics, services, terrain; and

(11-17-21)

02. Outfitters. Outfitters who conduct winter ski-based operations may be designated as: (11-17-21)

a. Level I: self-propelled, with snowcat, or with snowmobile assisted including day skiing, hut skiing in non-hazardous terrain; (11-17-21)

b. Level II: self-propelled including day skiing, hut skiing, multi-day expeditions, in hazardous terrain; or (11-17-21)

c. Level II skiing operations with snowcats, helicopters, or ski from out of bounds from ski areas. (11-17-21)

03. Outfitters Plan of Operation. The outfitter's operating plan will include a plan for snowpack, terrain and avalanche safety assessment, additional transport utilized (i.e., snowmobiles, snowcats, helicopters) and instruction and training plans of guides working around related equipment, and any additional safety and training standards for guides. (11-17-21)

04. Field Supervisor. The Outfitter must employ at least one individual acting as a field supervisor who is a working Guide with the appropriate level of licensing for the operation and a minimum of five (5) years working at that level of guiding as to the scope of the operation, unless the outfitter or Designated Agent has this experience. (11-17-21)

05. Ski Guide Trainee. An outfitter may employ an unlicensed trainee, provided the trainee may only assist when under the direct supervision of a licensed guide and a trainee may not provide guided services to clients. A trainee who applies for licensure must have thirty (30) days experience with a licensed ski guide in the outfitter's operating area and meet all other qualifications of Section 044. (11-17-21)

046. TECHNICAL MOUNTAINEERING/ROCK CLIMBING GUIDE.

Any applicant for a technical mountaineering/rock climbing guide license must submit to the Board a detailed explanation of the applicant's qualifications, experience, and training. [Any outfitter applicant for technical mountaineering/rock climbing must provide evidence to the Board to demonstrate qualifications, experience, plans, and areas of operation demonstrating the necessary specialized training and skill. An applicant for technical mountaineering/rock climbing guide must:](#) (11-17-21)

[01. Have five years of personal rock-climbing experience.](#)

[02. Have experience leading traditional and sport routes up to 5.9.](#)

[03. Demonstrate knowledge of basic knots including figure 8, bowline, clove hitch, munter hitch, mule hitch, prusik, flat overhand, double fisherman and klemheist.](#)

[04. Demonstrate knowledge of mechanical and non-mechanical belay devices.](#)

[05. Demonstrate knowledge of rappel devices.](#)

[06. Demonstrate knowledge of LNT practices.](#)

[07. Have led or shared lead on ten grade III traditional rock routes.](#)

[08. Have led or shared lead on fifty multi-pitch rock routes.](#)

[09. Current CPR certification.](#)

[10. Current Wilderness First Responder certification.](#)

047. SNOWMOBILING GUIDE.

An applicant for a snowmobiling guide license must: (11-17-21)

01. Snowmobiling Techniques. Have working knowledge of snowmobiling techniques; (11-17-21)

02. Avalanche. Have good leadership qualities and be knowledgeable in regards to potential avalanche conditions and proper route selection; (11-17-21)

03. Hypothermia. Be knowledgeable in the treatment of hypothermia and in winter survival techniques; and (11-17-21)

04. Mechanics. Have knowledge of the mechanical characteristics of snowmobiles and other equipment being used. (11-17-21)

048. SNOWMOBILING. [MOVED HERE FROM FORMER SECTION 063]

In addition to other requirements, outfitters and guides for snowmobiling must ensure the following: (11-17-21)

01. Non-Groomed Trails. All machines are accompanied by at least one (1) guide for one (1) through five (5) snowmachines, two (2) guides for six (6) through twelve (12) snowmachines, and one (1) additional guide for each additional ten (10) snowmachines. The maximum number of snowmachines allowed in one (1) group may not exceed thirty (30). One (1) guide leads and one (1) guide trails where more than five (5) snowmachines are involved. (11-17-21)

02. Groomed Trails. All machines are accompanied by at least one (1) guide for one (1) through fifteen (15) snowmachines, and two (2) guides for sixteen (16) through a total of thirty (30) snowmachines. One (1) guide leads and one (1) guide trails where more than fifteen (15) machines are involved. The maximum number of snowmachines allowed in one group may not exceed thirty (30). (11-17-21)

03. Emergency Equipment. All snowmobiling tours have with them necessary emergency equipment, tools, and spare parts for the machine(s) in use. (11-17-21)

04. Reduction in Guide Ratios. An outfitter may apply to the Board to reduce the number of guides on non-groomed trails to one (1) guide for six (6) through twelve (12) snowmachines and the number of guides on groomed trails to one (1) guide for sixteen (16) through thirty (30) snowmachines, when the guide has electronic communication for summoning assistance at all times during the excursion. (11-17-21)

~~**048. POWER BOAT FISHING GUIDE (LAKES AND RESERVOIRS). [MOVED TO SECTION 043]**~~

~~All applicants for a power boat fishing guide license must possess the ability and knowledge to:~~ (11-17-21)

~~**01. Maneuver or Pilot.** Maneuver or pilot a power boat upon Idaho lakes and reservoirs open to power boat fishing.~~ (11-17-21)

~~**02. Operation.** Have operated a power boat for a minimum of ten (10) hours upon the lakes and reservoirs being requested.~~ (11-17-21)

~~**03. Law.** Comply with the Idaho Safe Boating Act (Title 67, Chapter 70, Idaho Code).~~ (11-17-21)

049.-051. (RESERVED)

~~**051. PLACEMENT OF HUNTING CAMPS AND LEAVING OUTFITTER'S OPERATING AREA, BIG GAME HUNTING AND INCIDENTAL TRAPPING. [INCORPORATED INTO SECTION 026]**~~

~~**01. Hot Pursuit of Bear and Cougar With Hounds and Hot Pursuit Agreements.** The Board may approve a minor amendment to allow an outfitter licensed for bear and cougar hunting to enter into an adjacent area with a client for hot pursuit of bear and cougar hunting when hunting with hounds, provided that the pursuit starts inside the outfitter's licensed area. The application for minor amendment must include:~~ (11-17-21)

~~**a.** Written permission from all outfitters whose licensed area(s) will be directly involved in the hunt and which will be provided annually to the Board;~~ (11-17-21)

~~**b.** Written permission from all applicable landowners or land managers;~~ (11-17-21)

~~c. With prior Board approval, on a case by case basis and under special circumstances, the Board may waive the requirement for approval from the adjacent outfitter. (11-17-21)~~

~~02. **Camps.** A hunting outfitter may not place a camp, nor cause one to be placed, in an area for which he is not licensed, except as identified in his approved operating plan. Whenever possible, camps used for big game hunting must be placed well within the operating area and not near the boundary line. (11-17-21)~~

~~03. **Wolf Trapping Incidental to Big Game Hunts:**~~

~~Outfitters licensed for big game hunting and for hunting wolves may qualify to provide wolf trapping as a hazardous excursion during the course of big game hunting as a minor (incidental) activity during open wolf trapping season as set forth below. (11-17-21)~~

~~a. The Outfitter or Designated Agent and guide must have completed the mandatory wolf trapping education class prior to the activity taking place. The outfitter is responsible for maintaining the certificate(s) of completion on file and making it available for inspection. (11-17-21)~~

~~b. Wolf trapping may not be advertised, promoted, or booked as an outfitted or guided service. (11-17-21)~~

~~c. Outfitter or Designated Agent may not kill or allow domestic livestock or animals to be killed for use as bait while in their operating area or to use live animals as bait and will be otherwise expected to follow existing state laws regarding handling of domestic livestock. (11-17-21)~~

~~d. A trapped animal must be killed quickly and humanely. It cannot be released and then "hunted" or killed. (11-17-21)~~

~~e. Outfitters and guides may not directly engage a client in trapping activities handle or be involved with handling traps or trapped animals. Clients may be allowed to: (11-17-21)~~

~~i. Hunt and kill any free ranging animal for which they have an appropriate license and tag, except when the animal is in or within two hundred (200) yards of the Outfitter's or guide's trap line. (11-17-21)~~

~~ii. Accompany a properly licensed guide who is checking the outfitter's traps provided the client is directly accompanied by that guide at all times. (11-17-21)~~

~~iii. Only observe the handling of trapped animals by properly licensed guides. (11-17-21)~~

~~f. Guides who have completed the required education in Paragraph 051.01.a. are subject to the following: (11-17-21)~~

~~i. Guides may check their employing outfitter's or their own wolf traps as per state requirements as part of outfitted, big game hunts. (11-17-21)~~

~~ii. May not provide services to the same client for two (2) different outfitters within a five (5) day period. (11-17-21)~~

052. BOAT TRANSPORT OF HUNTING CLIENTS.

A boatman licensee (either power or float) must not transport big game hunters to any big game hunting area unless licensed to outfit for big game hunting in that area or ~~is in the employ of the~~ [has entered into a stipulation with the](#) licensed outfitter for that area.

(11-17-21)

~~053. **CONTROLLED HUNTS OUTSIDE OUTFITTER'S OPERATING AREA:**~~

~~The Board may authorize an outfitter who is licensed for a controlled hunt species to conduct a one time hunt for a controlled hunt outside of the outfitter's licensed area when the outfitter submits a minor amendment fee and a written request with the following: (11-17-21)~~

~~01. **Written Permission.** Written permission from all outfitters whose licensed area(s) will be directly involved in the hunt and all applicable landowners or land managers; (11-17-21)~~

~~02. **Identification of Hunter.** The hunter name and address, hunting license, tag and permit numbers, controlled hunt number, and dates of hunt. (11-17-21)~~

~~03. **Compensation Between Outfitters.** No compensation is permitted between outfitters participating in the conduct of a controlled hunt in another outfitter's area, unless the outfitter supplies a service for that compensation. (11-17-21)~~

~~054. **BOAT EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS. [MOVED TO SECTION 044]**~~

~~Each float or power boat must be identified as follows: (11-17-21)~~

~~01. **Identification.** Identification recorded with the Board on the outfitter application consisting of words, names, or letters not less than three (3) inches in height, and be of a contrasting color indicating the current licensed outfitter and that is placed above the water line on each side of the bow or stern of the boat utilized by that outfitter in letters. (Does not apply to single person boats or two (2) person inflatable boats). (11-17-21)~~

~~02. **Clearwater.** On Sections CL2 and CL3 of the Clearwater River, a sticker affixed to the surface of any boat used for anadromous fishing that is not less than eight (8) inches in height and placed immediately adjacent to the identification words, names or letters on each side of the boat towards the bow, identifying the boat as operated by a licensed outfitter. Stickers will be provided and sold annually by the Board or a vendor designated by the Board. (11-17-21)~~

~~055. **BOATING CLIENT/GUIDE RATIO.**~~

~~All float boats, occupied by three (3) or more clients, must be under the control of a licensed guide; except a boat guide trainee may operate a boat under the direct supervision of a licensed boatman, or may train as indicated in Section 040. Kayaks and canoes and clients rowing rafts that they provide are exempt from this rule. (11-17-21)~~

~~053-056, (RESERVED)~~

~~057. **DESIGNATION OF ALLOCATED DEER AND ELK TAGS.**~~

~~For the purposes of this section, an outfitting operation is an outfitter licensee whose licensed activities include hunting for the species in the area of the allocated tag being designated. When IFGC allocates tags, sets big game seasons all the allocated tags will be designated pursuant to Section 36-2120, Idaho Code, and IDAPA 24.35.01.057 this rule. The designation applies for the next season ~~until the next big game season setting by IFGC unless IFGC adjusts the number of allocated tags for the hunt.~~ (11-17-21) (—)~~

~~01. **Base Allocation.** The base allocation number is computed pursuant to Section 36-2120(b), Idaho Code. Notification. All notices, orders, or other documents may be made to the email address on file with the Board. (—)~~

~~02. **Outfitted Hunter Tag Use History.** Each outfitter's hunter tag use history will be determined from the use recorded by ~~Until the IFGC is able to collect and verify outfitted tag use~~ pursuant to Section 36-408(4), Idaho Code, and as may be adjusted as a result of a tag transfer or hardship request that is approved by the board ~~the use history will be based on each outfitter's use reports, or the best data available, and subject to verification by documentation or other reliable information acceptable to the Board showing that the outfitter provided outfitting services to the hunter using the tag.~~~~

~~a. The use history for a capped hunt is the number of tags used by clients of each outfitter for the hunt with the most similar framework to the hunt for which the allocated tag is being designated. (11-17-21)~~

~~b. The use history for a controlled hunt is the number of tags used by clients of each outfitter in the hunt or hunts that have the most similar framework to the hunt for which the allocated tag is being designated. Both the hunt with allocated tags and the matching hunt with non-allocated tags will be used. (11-17-21)~~

ea. Transfers – ~~The An original~~ outfitting operation is credited for use of an allocated tag that it ~~may~~ transfers ~~a designated allocated tag(s)~~ to another outfitting operation for use that year in the same hunt ~~and still retain credit for the tag.~~ The receiving outfitting operation is not credited for using the transferred tag. ~~(11-17-21)()~~

db. Surrenders - An ~~outfitter~~ outfitting operation may surrender a designated allocated tag(s) to the undesignated tag pool ~~any time after notification of its tag designation for use by any outfitting operation in the same hunt.~~ The surrendering ~~outfitter~~ outfitting operation ~~does not retain credit for~~ is not credited for use of the surrendered tag unless it later uses the tag from the pool. ~~The surrendered tag will be available to any outfitter in the same hunt pursuant to IDAPA 24.35.01.057.09.~~ (11-17-21)

03. New Hunt Allocated Tag Designation. When the IFGC ~~initially~~ allocates tags for a newly capped or controlled hunt, the allocated tags will be designated ~~for that hunt~~ proportionately as follows: (11-17-21)

a. Divide each outfitting operation's base allocation by the total of all base allocations in the hunt, resulting in a percentage of total use. Truncate the decimal at the hundredths place. (11-17-21)

b. Multiply the percentage of total use from IDAPA 24.35.01.057.03.a. by the total number of allocated tags for the hunt, which determines the number of allocated tags designated to the outfitting operation. (11-17-21)

04. Use of Previously Designated Allocated Tags. For established capped or controlled hunts, allocated tags will first be designated to each outfitting operation in an amount equal to the outfitting operation's use of the allocated tags previously designated to it for the same hunt. (11-17-21)

a. In a capped hunt, the use of previously designated allocated tags is the average use of allocated tags in the same hunt in the preceding two (2) years; in the event that IFGC adjusts the number of allocated tags in a hunt after the first year that the hunt was allocated tags, the board will not average the use. ~~(11-17-21)()~~

b. In a controlled hunt, the use of previously designated allocated tags is the highest year of use of allocated tags in the preceding two (2) years. ~~(11-17-21)()~~

05. Remaining or Additional Allocated Tags. Allocated tags not designated above ~~that were not designated pursuant to IDAPA 24.35.01.057.04~~ will be designated proportionately as follows: (11-17-21)

a. Subtract each outfitting operation's use of previously designated allocated tags from subsection 04 from its base allocation number to determine the number of non-allocated tags it used for a capped hunt or the matching hunt with non-allocated tags for a controlled hunt, when necessary to determine non-allocated tag use; then ~~(11-17-21)()~~

b. Divide the result by the total number of non-allocated tags used by all outfitting operations, resulting in a percentage of the total non-allocated tags used by ~~all~~ outfitting operations in that hunt. Truncate the decimal at the hundredths place; and finally ~~(11-17-21)()~~

c. Multiply the percentage of total use from subsection 05.b. by the number of allocated tags yet to be designated, which determines the number of allocated tags designated to the outfitting operation. ~~(11-17-21)()~~

06. Rounding. If allocated tag designation results in a partial tag, the calculation will be rounded up when a decimal equals or exceeds six tenths (.6) and rounded down when a decimal is less than six tenths (.6). When calculating ~~the after a reduction to the designation~~ of allocated tags pursuant to Section 36-2120(4), Idaho Code, the calculation will be rounded up when a decimal equals or exceeds five tenths (.5) and rounded down when a decimal is less than five tenths (.5). (11-17-21)

07. Tie-breaker. If, after applying subsections 03-06, there is a surplus or deficit of allocated tags to be designated, the unrounded proportion from subsection 05, with as many decimal places as necessary, will be

used, and then as follows:

(11-17-21) ()

a. After a reduction in allocated tags pursuant to Section 36-2120(4), Idaho Code, surplus tags will first be designated in amounts to restore outfitter operations to the number of tags that would have otherwise been designated pursuant to subsection 04 or as close thereto as practicable. ()

b. In the event of a surplus, ~~A surplus allocated tag will be designated~~ the outfitter operation whose unrounded proportion is the greatest will be designated one tag, and if there are additional surplus tags, the outfitter with the next greatest unrounded proportion will be designated one allocated tag, and repeated in descending unrounded proportions until all surplus tags are designated. In the event there is more than one outfitter operation with the same unrounded proportion and there are insufficient undesignated tags to designate to each outfitter, the undesignated tag will be designated based on a random drawing between those outfitter operations. (11-17-21) ()

b.c. In the event of a deficit, ~~A~~ a deficit will be resolved from the outfitter operation(s) whose unrounded proportion is closest to six tenths (.6), and then next closest to six tenths (0.6) when there is a deficit of more than one allocated tag. If there is more than one (1) outfitter operation with the same unrounded proportion, a random drawing will be held between those outfitters. (11-17-21) ()

08. **Stipulation by Outfitters.** Outfitter operations in a hunt may submit to the Board a written stipulation determining the number of allocated tags designated ~~for to~~ each outfitter operation ~~with~~ in that hunt. The stipulation must be signed by all eligible outfitter operations for the hunt, however, under special circumstances, the board may waive the requirement of approval from all other outfitter operations. If the Board approves the stipulation, the stipulation will be effective until the ~~IFGC sets the next big game season~~ next designation of allocated tags for the hunt. On or before November 1 preceding the hunt, any outfitter operation may petition the Board to vacate the stipulation for good cause that would make it unconscionable or unjust to enforce the stipulation. If the Board vacates the stipulation, the allocated tags in that hunt will be designated pursuant to Section 36-2120, Idaho Code, and this rule. (11-17-21) ()

09. **Undesignated Tag Pool.** Any designated allocated tags that are surrendered or have not been utilized by an outfitter operation on or before ~~the tenth (10) business day prior to July 31 16 or the next business day~~ for a capped hunt, or on or before September 10 or the next business day for a controlled hunt, will be available in an undesignated pool for any outfitter operation, as follows: (11-17-21) ()

a. Beginning April 10 preceding the hunt, an outfitter operation ~~without any designated allocated tags or who which has utilized all of its designated allocated tags~~ may submit a request for an allocated tag from the pool. The request must be ~~in such on a board-approved form as designated by the Board.~~ (11-17-21) ()

b. Beginning April 20 preceding the hunt or next business day, an allocated tag will be designated from the pool on a first-come, first-served basis to an outfitter operation without any designated allocated tags or which has utilized all of its designated allocated tags, using a waiting list when ~~as~~ necessary. ~~with a~~ maximum of two (2) allocated tags will be designated to each requesting outfitter operation until all other requesting outfitter operations have been served, then a requesting outfitter operation is eligible to receive a maximum of two (2) additional allocated tags from the pool, repeated until all requesting outfitter operations are served or until no tags remain. (11-17-21)

10. **Objection to Calculation.** If an outfitter operation believes the calculation is incorrect, it may object by filing a petition with the Board within fourteen (14) days from the date the notification was sent and in accordance with the Idaho administrative procedures act. The petition will include any supporting information or documentation. (11-17-21) ()

a. All outfitter operations in the hunt in question will be notified of the petition. (11-17-21)

b. The outfitter operation bears the burden of establishing that the calculation was incorrect. (11-17-21) ()

11. Hardship Request. An outfitting operation may submit a written hardship request to maintain all or a portion of previous outfitted hunter tag use history when the outfitting operation shows good cause that its use of allocated designated tags was impacted by circumstances beyond the outfitting operation's control. The request must ~~may~~ be submitted on or before a deadline set by ~~to~~ the Board ~~on or before the November 1 preceding the biennial IFGC big game season setting. If a hardship occurs after October 21 but prior to the hunt being completed the request may be submitted within ten (10) days of the occurrence. A hardship may include health, act of nature, state or federal restrictions on hunting or access, or other good cause that prevented or limited the outfitting operation's ability to seek and accommodate clients and impacted its use of designated allocated tags.~~ The outfitting operation must provide any information or documentation as requested by the Board and as may be requested by the Board to substantiate the request. (11-17-21) (___)

12. Change in Operating Area or Owner of Business. When an outfitting operation is sold or when an operating area is adjusted and designated allocated tags are associated with the affected operating area, the associated designated allocated tags and tag use history will transfer to the new owner. (11-17-21) (___)

058. NUMBER OF OUTFITTERS AND GUIDES LIMITED.

Big Lost and Little Lost Rivers and the Big Wood and the Little Wood Rivers -- All reaches from headwaters to the termination of the flow of the Big Lost and the Little Lost Rivers and all reaches of the Big Wood and Little Wood Rivers are limited to a maximum of five (5) outfitters on both rivers combined. (11-17-21)

059. RIVER, LAKE AND RESERVOIR POWER AND FLOAT OUTFITTER LIMITS.

The following rivers and streams or sections that lie totally or partially within the state of Idaho are open to commercial boating operations by outfitters and guides. The Board may open other rivers and streams or sections upon a petition to adopt rules under Section 67-5230, Idaho Code. (11-17-21)

01. Licensable Waters -- River Sections (BL1) Blackfoot River through (PR1) Priest River -- Table.

River/Section	Maximum No. Power	Maximum No. Float
(BL1) Blackfoot River - Morgan Bridge to Trail Creek Bridge	none	2
(BO1) Boise River, South Fork - Danskin Bridge to the Neal Bridge EXCEPT on weekends or holidays. Each outfitter may use only one (1) boat for fishing only with a maximum of two (2) fisherman. No overnight camping or walk-and-wade fishing allowed.	none	2
(BO1A) Boise River - Eckert Road Bridge to Main Street Bridge.	none	
(BO1B) Boise River - Main Street Bridge to West side of Garden City limits.	none	

(BO2) Boise River - Downstream from the west side of the Garden City municipal limits to the east side of the Caldwell municipal limits. Each outfitter may use at any time a maximum of four (4) boats for boating activities. The Board may approve adjustments of these boat limitations to accommodate canoeing or kayaking activities that are part of an outfitters operating plan.	none	2
(CF1) Clark Fork River - Montana stateline to Lake Pend Oreille (boating closing date September 30)	4 outfitters for either power or float or combination thereof	
(CL1) Clearwater River - Lowell to the Lower Bridge at Kooskia. Each outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of (a) three (3) boats for fishing, and (b) five (5) boats for other boating activities. Fishing may not be conducted downstream from the Upper Bridge at Kooskia by CL1 outfitters. The Board may approve adjustments of these boat limitations to accommodate canoeing or kayaking activities that are part of an outfitter's operating plan.	none	5
(CL2) Clearwater River - The Upper Bridge at Kooskia to the Orofino Bridge. Each outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of (a) three (3) boats for fishing, and (b) five (5) boats for other boating activities. The Board may approve adjustments of these boat limitations to accommodate canoeing or kayaking activities that are part of an outfitter's operating plan.	6	10
(CL3) Clearwater River - The Orofino Bridge to the mouth of the Clearwater River with the Snake River at Lewiston. Each outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of (a) three (3) boats for fishing, and (b) five (5) boats for other boating activities. The Board may approve adjustments of these boat limitations to accommodate canoeing or kayaking activities that are part of an outfitters operating plan.	10	10
* (NFCL) North Fork Clearwater River - Kelly Forks Bridge downstream to backwaters of Dworshak Reservoir	none	4
(CDNF) Headwaters of North Fork Coeur d'Alene - Including tributaries (Independence and Tee Pee Creeks) upstream from Devils Elbow Campground. Three (3) walk and wade only licenses. Up to four (4) clients on the river at one time per license.	none	none

(CD1) Coeur d'Alene River - Devil's Elbow to South Fork confluence. Fishing limit is two (2) float boats per license with a maximum of two (2) clients at a time per boat. Two (2) additional walk and wade licenses can be issued. Walk and wade limited to a maximum of two (2) clients at a time per license.	none	1
(CD2) Coeur d'Alene River - South Fork confluence downstream to Cataldo Mission Boat Ramp. Fishing limit is one (1) float boat per license with a maximum of two (2) clients or two walk and wade clients per license at a time. Walk and wade activities do not have to be initiated from a float boat.	none	1
(CD3) Lateral (Coeur d'Alene chain) Lakes - Connected by the Coeur d' Alene river. Cataldo Mission Boat Ramp to Highway 97 Bridge. A limit of one (1) power boat per license with a maximum of two (2) clients at a time or a limit of one (1) guide per license and two (2) float tubes at a time or two (2) clients walking and wading. The walk and wade activities must be associated with the power boating.	3	none
* (JB1) Jarbidge/Bruneau Rivers	none	4
(KO1) Kootenai River - Montana stateline to Canada boundary	5	5
(LCL1) Little North Fork Clearwater River - Mouth of Canyon Creek to first bridge on the Little North Fork Clearwater River. Fishing only. Each outfitter may use only two (2) boats per day with a maximum of two (2) fishermen per boat.	none	2
* (LO1) Lochsa River	none	5
(MO1) Moyie River - Canada boundary to Bonners Ferry Municipal Dam (boating closing date July 20)	none	5
* (OW1) Owyhee River - Nevada stateline to Oregon stateline or South Fork to confluence with Owyhee River and continuing on to a take-out point.	none	6

(PN1) Payette River, North Fork - Payette Lakes Outlet to Hartsell Bridge. Restrictions: NO FISHING ALLOWED. Four (4) boat or ten (10) canoe limit per trip, and only two (2) trips per day per outfitter.	none	2
(PN1A) Payette River, North Fork - Cascade City Park, 1/4 mile south of Cascade on Highway 55 to Cabarton. Restrictions: Catch and release for TROUT ONLY, other species F & G rules apply. No stopping by commercial groups from 1/4 mile above to 1/4 mile below heron nesting trees. Four (4) boat or ten (10) canoe limit per trip, and only two (2) trips per day per outfitter.	none	2
(PN2) Payette River, North Fork - Cabarton to Smiths Ferry Bridge	none	5
(PS1) Payette River, South Fork - Grandjean to Deadwood River	none	5
* (PS2) Payette River, South Fork - Deadwood River to Banks	none	5
(PA1) Payette River - Banks to Black Canyon Dam	none	5
(PO1) Pend Oreille River	5	5
(PR1) Priest River - Dickensheet Campground to Priest River City	none	5

(11-17-21)

02. Licensable Waters -- River Sections (MF1) Middle Fork Salmon River Through (SE2) Selway River -- Table.

River/Section	Maximum No. Power	Maximum No. Float
###(MF1) Salmon River, Middle Fork - Boundary Creek to Cache Bar on the Salmon River	none	27
(SA1) Salmon River - First bridge across Salmon River above Redfish Lake Creek to Torrey's Bar	none	6

(SA2) Salmon River - Torrey's Bar to first Highway 93 bridge above Challis. Each outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of (a) three (3) boats for fishing, and (b) five (5) boats for other boating activities. The Board may approve adjustments of these boat limitations to accommodate canoeing or kayaking activities that are a part of an outfitter's operating plan.	none	5
(SA3) Salmon River - First Highway 93 bridge above Challis to Kilpatrick River access. Each outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of (a) three (3) boats for fishing, and (b) five (5) boats for other boating activities. The Board may approve adjustments of these boat limitations to accommodate canoeing or kayaking activities that are a part of an outfitter's operating plan.	none	6
(SA4A) Salmon River - Kilpatrick River access to North Fork - License period from May 1 to September 30. Each outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of (a) three (3) boats for fishing and (b) five (5) boats for other boating activities. The Board may approve adjustments of these boat limitations to accommodate canoeing or kayaking activities that are part of an outfitter's operating plan.	5	11
(SA4B) Salmon River - Kilpatrick River access to North Fork - License period from October 1 to April 30. Each power boat outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of one (1) boat and each float boat outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of three (3) boats.	2	8
(SA5) Salmon River - North Fork to Corn Creek	3	9
###(SA6) Salmon River - Corn Creek to Spring Bar Boat Ramp with no outfitter fishing below Vinegar Creek from September 15 through March 31 except that on a case-by-case basis, outfitter fishing may occur when permitted by the BLM and with the notification to and concurrence of the Board Executive Director.	14	31
* (SA7A) Salmon River - Vinegar Creek to Hammer Creek - License period from March 15 to October 15. No power boating is allowed from the Saturday before Memorial Day through Labor Day from 10:30 a.m./Mountain Time to 5:00 p.m./Mountain Time daily between the Riggins City Boat Dock and Lucile.	10	26

* (SA7B) Salmon River - Power boats from Vinegar Creek to Spring Bar Boat Ramp and float boats from Vinegar Creek to Island Bar Boat Ramp, open from September 15 to March 31 only. Each float boat outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of three (3) boats for fishing, or two (2) additional boats for fishing when permitted by the BLM and with the notification to and concurrence of the Board Executive Director; and each power boat outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of two (2) boats for fishing, or one (1) additional boat for fishing when permitted by the BLM and with the notification to and concurrence of the Board Executive Director.	6	12
* (SA7C) Salmon River - Riggins City Park Boat Ramp to Hammer Creek. Three (3) designated outfitters may utilize float boats to fish from the Riggins City Boat Dock to Hammer Creek during the period from September 15 to March 31.	none	3
* ##(SA8) Salmon River - Hammer Creek to Heller Bar or Lewiston on the Snake River	15	35
* (SE1) Selway River - Paradise Campground to Selway Falls	none	4
(SE2) Selway River - Selway Falls to the mouth of the Selway River at Lowell. Each outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of (a) three (3) boats for fishing, and (b) five (5) boats for other boating activities. The Board may approve adjustments to these boat limitations to accommodate canoeing or kayaking activities that are part of an outfitter's operating plan.	none	5

(11-17-21)

03. Licensable Waters -- River Sections (SH1) Henry's Fork Snake River Through (TE3) Teton River -- Table.

River/Section	Maximum No. Power	Maximum No. Float
(SH1) Snake River, Henry's Fork - Henry's Lake Outlet to Hatchery Ford. (Each outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of (a) eight (8) boats for fishing No more than three (3) of these boats may be used at any one time on any of the following river reaches: Henry's Lake Outlet to Island Park Dam, Island Park Dam to Last Chance, Last Chance to Osborn Bridge, and Osborn Bridge to Hatchery Ford), and (b) five (5) boats for other boating activities. The Board may approve adjustments to these boat limitations to accommodate canoeing or kayaking activities that are part of an outfitter's operating plan.	none	7

<p>(SH2) Snake River, Henry's Fork - Mesa Falls to St. Anthony. Each outfitter may use at any one time a maximum of (a) eight (8) boats for fishing, no more than three (3) of these boats may be used at any one time on any one of the following river reaches: Mesa Falls to Warm RiverStone Bridge, Warm RiverStone Bridge to Ashton Dam, Ashton Dam to Chester Dam, and Ashton Chester Dam to St. Anthony, and (b) five (5) boats for other boating activities. The Board may approve adjustments of these boat limitations to accommodate canoeing or kayaking activities that are part of an outfitter's operating plan.</p>	<p>none</p>	<p>8</p>
<p>(SH3) Snake River, Henry's Fork - No more than three (3) boats for fishing may be used by an outfitter at any one (1) time in each of the following river sections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) St. Anthony to Red Road Bridge Boat Access (i.e., Parker/Salem or Fort Henry) b) Red Road Bridge Boat Access to Warm Slough Boat Access c) Warm Slough Boat Access to Menan Boat Access <p>No outfitter may have more than six (6) boats on the SH3 in any one (1) day.</p> <p>When permitted by the BLM and with the notification to and concurrence of the IOGLB Executive Director, each outfitter may be allowed adjustments to the maximum boat limits in order to accommodate non-fishing boating activities (e.g., canoeing, paddle boards, and kayaks) and hazardous excursions that are part of an outfitter's operating plan. These adjustments must be reviewed and approved annually.</p> <p>IOGLB licenses are for the entire SH3 segment; a section of SH3 cannot be separated from SH3 for the purposes of selling a portion of an outfitter's business.</p>	<p>none</p>	<p>4</p>

<p>(SS1) Snake River - South Fork - No more than four (4) boats per section/per day may be used by an outfitter at any one (1) time in each of the following river sections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Palisades Dam to the Conant Boat Access. b) Conant Boat Access to Fullmer Boat Access. Exception: Not more than eight (8) boats would be permitted in Section (b) on the same day, provided that no more than four (4) of said boats are in this Section after 11:00 a.m. due to overnight use at designated outfitter camps. c) Fullmer Boat Access to Byington Boat Access. d) Byington Boat Access to Lorenzo Boat Access. e) Lorenzo Boat Access to Menan Boat Access. <p>Additionally, no outfitter may have more than twelve (12) boats on the SS1 in any one day.</p> <p>A one-time per year exception after July 15 may be granted from Conant Boat Access to Byington Boat Access that would allow two (2) additional boats per section to accommodate large client groups. During this one-time exception, if the two (2) additional boats do not accommodate the large client group, additional boats must come from slots allocated to other outfitters. The maximum daily boat limit for SS1 may not be exceeded. This would require written concurrence from the BLM/USFS and the IOGLB Executive Director.</p> <p>Float boats may use motors (5HP or less) for downstream steerage only within the entire SS1 reach. Downstream steerage would not include holding or upstream travel of watercraft with a motor.</p> <p>IOGLB licenses are for the entire SS1 segment; a section of SS1 cannot be separated from SS1 for the purposes of selling a portion of an outfitter's business.</p>	None*	8**
<p>* Each licensed float boat outfitter may use one (1) supply boat (float or power) that does not carry clients. During periods of preparing overnight camps (i.e., setting up tents and portable toilet facilities, boating in grills and other cooking supplies) for the season, usually May or June of each year; and removing the same items listed above from overnight camps at the end of the season, usually October or November; multiple supply boats may be used.</p> <p>** One (1) license additional for waterfowl hunting covering both BLM and USFS managed lands and waters for the South Fork (Palisades Dam to Wolf Flats Boat Access may be issued. This license opportunity is in addition to the eight (8) float licenses and is limited to providing waterfowl hunting during waterfowl hunting season as defined by Idaho Fish and Game Rules and where no more than two (2) float or power boat boats per day per section a and b only can be used by the outfitter at any one time for that purpose. Fishing may not be provided or conducted unless the outfitter is also licensed and permitted as one (1) of the eight (8) outfitters addressed in this rule who may not provide hunting activities. This business opportunity may be sold separately.</p>		

<p>(SN1) Snake River - For each license/permit issued, no more than four (4) boats per section/per day may be used by an outfitter at any one time in each of the following river sections:</p> <p>a) Menan Boat Access to Mike Walker Boat Access (includes Federally managed lands).</p> <p>b) Mike Walker Boat Access to Gem State Power Plant (includes non-Federal lands).</p> <p>Float boats may use motors (5HP or less) for downstream steerage only within the entire SS1 reach. Downstream steerage would not include holding or upstream travel of watercraft with a motor.</p> <p>OGLB licenses are for the entire SN1 segment; a section of SN1 cannot be separated from SN1 for the purposes of selling a portion of an outfitter's business.</p>	<p>3 outfitters either float or power or combination thereof</p>	
<p>(SN2) Snake River - Gem State Power Plant downstream to headwaters of American Falls Reservoir</p>	<p>3</p>	<p>3</p>
<p>(SN3) Snake River - American Falls Dam to Massacre Rocks State Park</p>	<p>3</p>	<p>3</p>
<p>(SN4) Snake River - Massacre Rocks State Park to Milner Dam</p>	<p>3</p>	<p>3</p>
<p>* (SN5) Snake River - Milner Dam to Star Falls</p>	<p>none</p>	<p>3</p>
<p>* (SN6) Snake River - Star Falls to Twin Falls</p>	<p>none</p>	<p>5</p>
<p>(SN7) Snake River - Twin Falls to Lower Salmon Falls Dam</p>	<p>3</p>	<p>3</p>
<p>(SN8) Snake River - Lower Salmon Falls Dam to Bliss Dam</p>	<p>3</p>	<p>5</p>
<p>(SN9) Snake River - Bliss Dam to headwaters of C.J. Strike Reservoir</p>	<p>5</p>	<p>5</p>
<p>(SN10) Snake River - C.J. Strike Dam to Walter's Ferry</p>	<p>5 outfitters for either power or float or combination thereof</p>	

(SN11) Snake River - Walter's Ferry to headwaters of Brownlee Reservoir	5	none
* (SN12) Snake River - Hells Canyon Dam to Pittsburg Landing	18	15
* (SN13) Snake River - Hells Canyon Dam to Pittsburg Landing, two (2) one-day float trips only	none	2
(SN14) Snake River - Pittsburg Landing to Heller Bar or Lewiston	19	15
(SN15) Snake River - Washington/Oregon stateline to Lewiston	Limitations pending. (This section is set aside for future rules of fishing only outfitters.)	
(SJ1) St. Joe River - St. Joe River Headwaters to Red Ives. No outfitted boating. One (1) walk and wade only fishing outfitter.	none 2	none
(SJ2) St. Joe River - Red Ives to Avery. In addition to one (1) float boat license, three (3) walk and wade only outfitters. No fishing from float boats, boat clients may fish via walk and wade.	none	1
(SJ3) St. Joe River - Avery to St. Joe City Bridge	none	2
(SJ4) St. Joe River - St. Joe City Bridge to Lake Coeur d'Alene	2	none
(SM1) St. Maries River	5	5
(TE1) Teton River - Upper put-in to Cache Bridge, motors not to exceed 10 hp	5 outfitters for either power or float or combination thereof	

<p>(TE2) Teton River - Cache Bridge to Harrop Bridge, motors not to exceed 10 hp</p>	<p>6 outfitters for either power or float or combination thereof</p>	
<p>(TE3) Teton River - No more than two (2) boats per section/per day may be used by an outfitter at any one time in each of the following river sections: a), b), d), e) and f). No more than four (4) boats per section/per day may be used by an outfitter at any one time on river section c) and where two (2) boats from same outfitter must be spaced at three-hour (3) intervals:</p> <p>a) Harrop Bridge Boat Access to Felt Dam Boat Access. b) Felt Dam Boat Access to Spring Hollow Boat Access. c) Spring Hollow Boat Access to Teton Dam Site Boat Access. d) Teton Dam Site Boat Access to Hog Hollow Bridge Boat Access. e) Hog Hollow Bridge Boat Access to Teton Highway. f) Teton Highway to confluence with the Henrys Fork of the Snake River. Note: No boat access exists at the confluence with the Henrys Fork of the Snake River. Outfitters would utilize Hibbard Bridge or Warm Slough Access on SH3. No fishing on SH3.</p> <p>No outfitter may have more than eight (8) boats on the TE3 in any one day.</p> <p>Float boats may use motors not to exceed 10 hp in section a) (Harrop Bridge to Felt Dam Access) only. Float boats may use motors (5HP or less) for downstream steering only in sections d), e) and f). Motors are not allowed in other sections. Downstream steering does not include holding or upstream travel of watercraft with a motor.</p> <p>IOGLB licenses are for the entire TE3 segment; a section of TE3 cannot be separated from TE3 for the purposes of selling a portion of an outfitter's business.</p>	<p>none</p>	<p>5</p>

* Classified rivers

Floatboat and powerboat outfitters on these sections are considered within their area of operations when hiking from the river or fishing in tributaries away from the river but does not include overnight activities. Conflicts with land-based outfitters will be handled on a case-by-case basis. (11-17-21)

04. Other -- Table. The following lakes and reservoirs or portions thereof that lie totally or partially within the state of Idaho are open to fishing by outfitters with the following limitations:

Lake or Reservoir	Maximum No. of Operators	Maximum No. Boats per Operator per Lake or Reservoir
Lake Coeur d'Alene	8	1
Dworshak Reservoir	7	2
Hayden Lake	1	2
Henry's Lake	8	2
Island Park Reservoir	7	2

Magic Reservoir	3	2
Palisades Reservoir	10	2
Lake Pend Oreille	11	1
Priest Lake	5	1
American Falls Reservoir	3	2
C.J. Strike Reservoir	4	2
Brownlee Reservoir	5	2
Oxbow Reservoir	3	2
Hells Canyon Reservoir	3	2

(11-17-21)

05. Other Lakes and Reservoirs. All other Idaho lakes and reservoirs are limited to two (2) outfitters with a maximum of two (2) boats (float or power) per outfitter. (11-17-21)

~~060. (RESERVED)~~

~~061. TECHNICAL MOUNTAINEERING/ROCK CLIMBING. [INCORPORATED INTO SECTION 046]~~

~~Any outfitter applicant for technical mountaineering/rock climbing must appear before the Board to explain in full detail his qualifications, experience, plans, and areas of operation demonstrating the necessary specialized training and skill. (11-17-21)~~

~~062. (RESERVED)~~

~~063. SNOWMOBILING. [MOVED TO SECTION 048]~~

~~In addition to other requirements, outfitters and guides for snowmobiling must ensure the following: (11-17-21)~~

~~01. Non-Groomed Trails. All machines are accompanied by at least one (1) guide for one (1) through five (5) snowmachines, two (2) guides for six (6) through twelve (12) snowmachines, and one (1) additional guide for each additional ten (10) snowmachines. The maximum number of snowmachines allowed in one (1) group may not exceed thirty (30). One (1) guide leads and one (1) trails where more than five (5) snowmachines are involved. (11-17-21)~~

~~02. Groomed Trails. All machines are accompanied by at least one (1) guide for one (1) through fifteen (15) snowmachines, and two (2) guides for sixteen (16) through a total of thirty (30) snowmachines. One (1) guide leads and one (1) trails where more than fifteen (15) machines are involved. The maximum number of snowmachines allowed in one group may not exceed thirty (30). (11-17-21)~~

~~03. Emergency Equipment. All snowmobiling tours have with them necessary emergency equipment, tools, and spare parts for the machine(s) in use. (11-17-21)~~

~~04. Reduction in Guide Ratios. An outfitter may apply to the Board to reduce the number of guides on non-groomed trails to one (1) guide for six (6) through twelve (12) snowmachines and the number of guides on groomed trails to one (1) guide for sixteen (16) through thirty (30) snowmachines, when the guide has electronic communication for summoning assistance at all times during the excursion. (11-17-21)~~

~~064. AUTHORIZATION FOR GRANTING, DENIAL AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES.~~

~~01. Executive Director Authorizations. The Executive Director is authorized to grant, issue or deny, temporary authorizations, licenses and license amendments, hot pursuit agreements and designations of allocated tags with the concurrence of the Board, under the following conditions: (11-17-21)~~

~~a. The Executive Director may grant and issue all routine temporary authorizations, license applications, amendments and related matters when the applicant does not have any convictions for fish and game violations or other violations of the grounds enumerated in Section 36-2113(a), Idaho Code, has not falsified or provided any misleading information to the Board, and otherwise qualifies for licensure. (11-17-21)~~

~~b. The Executive Director may grant all license applications which otherwise qualify for licensure, but which have violations of the grounds enumerated in Section 36-2113(a), Idaho Code, which occurred five (5) years prior to the date of application, except that a license will not be granted by the Executive Director to an applicant who has a felony conviction of any nature, or conviction of a flagrant violation pursuant to Section 36-1402(f), Idaho Code. (11-17-21)~~

~~c. The Executive Director may grant a license with probationary status for conviction of minor fish and game violations or violations enumerated in Section 36-2113(a), Idaho Code, that occurred at least five (5) years prior to the date of application, excluding felony convictions. (11-17-21)~~

~~d. The Executive Director may defer granting or denying any license or related matter to the Board for action by the Board. (11-17-21)~~

~~e. The Executive Director may not waive fees. (11-17-21)~~

~~02. Board Conditions. The Board may grant or deny a license pursuant to the provisions of Sections 36-2109 and 36-2113, Idaho Code, under the following conditions: (11-17-21)~~

~~a. The Board may grant a license to an applicant with convictions of violations enumerated in Section 36-2113(a), Idaho Code, which are over five (5) years old and may place the licensee on probation. (11-17-21)~~

~~b. The Board may grant a license to an applicant with convictions of violations enumerated in Section 36-2113(a), Idaho Code, which are less than five (5) years old and may place the licensee on probation. (11-17-21)~~

~~c. The Board will proceed with the denial of an applicant for a hunting or fishing outfitter or guide license or proceed with the revocation process on a licensee upon conviction of a flagrant violation pursuant to Section 36-1402(f), Idaho Code, unless unusual mitigating circumstances exist. (11-17-21)~~

060. -- 066. (RESERVED)

067. INSPECTIONS.

Outfitter camps and equipment may be inspected at any time by an authorized person or any member of the Board with a written report submitted to the Board to ensure adequate equipment and gear is utilized and maintained in a manner which meets minimum standards of public acceptability and which meets the requirements of applicable local, state, or federal laws and rules. The Board has the authority to inspect outfitter facilities and equipment. (11-17-21)

068. ADMINISTRATIVE FINES/PROBATION/RESTRICTIONS.

~~01. Penalties -- Table. In addition to suspension, probation, restriction or revocation of a license, the following penalties may be applied to that licensee or those licensees found to have violated the provisions of the Act, these rules, or both:~~

I.C. Section 36-2113(a)	First Offense	Second Offense	Third Offense
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1.	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$5,000 Fine	Suspension or Revocation of License
2.	Probation/Restriction of License	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$5,000 Fine
3.	All Penalties Are Within The Board's Discretion.		
4.	Probation/Restriction of License	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$5,000 Fine
5.	\$100—\$300 Fine	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$5,000 Fine
6.	Probation/Restriction of License	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$5,000 Fine
7.	Probation/Restriction of License	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$5,000 Fine
8.	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$5,000 Fine	Suspension or Revocation of License
9.	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$5,000 Fine	Suspension or Revocation of License
10.	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$2,500 Fine	\$2,500—\$5,000 Fine
11.	\$100—\$300 Fine	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$5,000 Fine
12.	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$2,500 Fine	\$2,500—\$5,000 Fine
13.	All Penalties Are Within The Board's Discretion.		
14.	\$100—\$300 Fine	\$100—\$500 Fine	\$500—\$5,000 Fine

(11-17-21)

~~02. Restrictions. No license will be issued while any outstanding administrative fine monies are due unless an arrangement has been made and approved by the Board for the payment of same. (11-17-21)~~

~~03. Terms of Probation. Typical terms of probation are that there are no violations of local, state or federal laws or ordinances, and no amendments to the license during the term of probation, and other restrictions as the Board orders. (11-17-21)~~

068. -- 999. (RESERVED)